Registered number: 09098450

# **DELT SHARED SERVICES LIMITED**

# ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022



# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**DIRECTORS** 

Lorna Collingwood-Burke

Nicholas Franklin Mark Greaves Giles Letheren

Paul James (resigned 31 May 2021) Mark Lewis (resigned 8 May 2022)

Andrew Millward

Kim Brown (resigned 29 July 2022)

REGISTERED NUMBER

09098450

REGISTERED OFFICE

2 Derriford Park

Derriford Business Park

Derriford Plymouth Devon PL6 5QZ

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS** 

Bishop Fleming LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Salt Quay House 4 North East Quay Sutton Harbour Plymouth PL4 0BN

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# STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

#### INTRODUCTION

Delt Shared Services Ltd (Delt) is a company set up to provide shared business support services. It was founded by Plymouth City Council (PCC) and the NHS Northern, Eastern and Western Devon Clinical Commissioning Group (now NHS Devon CCG) in 2014 and remains owned by the founding partners.

Delt's vision is to help our customers do amazing things.

Delt's mission is to provide services that are better, faster and cheaper than the alternatives.

# Delt's objectives are:

- To create a platform for sustainable economic growth;
- To deliver fewer barriers to closer collaborative working;
- To reduce the risk for our customers;
- To improve service delivery, year on year;
- To reduce the costs of our core services, year on year;
- To actively promote the health and wellbeing of both our staff and our customers;
- To enable the rapid delivery of our customers' transformation agenda;
- To drive innovation through the better use of information.

The company now delivers a comprehensive range of services:

- IT Service Management
- HR and Organisational Development
- Finance
- Payroll and Pensions
- Procurement
- Print and Mail
- Estates Management

Delt aims to grow in both scale (more partners and customers) and scope (more services).

The impact and growth of our services means that:

- The wider region benefits from improved service delivery, greater flexibility, improved management information, better technology and more effective partnerships;
- Quality, highly skilled jobs are protected in the local economy;
- The health and wellbeing of our local people is improved;
- All Delt customers' staff, across a wide geographic area, have effective systems no matter where they are or choose to work;
- Increased co-operation with a local supply chain enhancing socio-economic development across the region;
- Delt is seen by customers as a most trusted advisor in the fields in which it operates;
- Delt grows at a sustainable rate, offering increased opportunity for economies of scale.

### Staff Engagement

Engagement with staff on Health and Wellbeing continued to be of high importance through the year as we adapt to new ways of working post Covid. We continue to deliver a range of initiatives to ensure people are looking after their mental and physical health so that they maintained the balance they need to look after themselves and their families. That work will continue through the next year and beyond as we learn to adapt to new ways of working.

Our People Strategy defines the expectations of our staff whilst building engagement, development and a learning and coaching culture.

Delt are proud of its staff and their commitment and flexibility with which they carry out their roles. In helping people do amazing things, our people are at the centre of our company. The Board would like to convey its heartfelt thanks to everyone at Delt.

# STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

Our corporate social responsibility practices deliver more sustainable operations, a positive contribution to our local communities, a more diverse and enabled workplace, socially responsible procurement and a healthier work culture.

# **Environmental Sustainability**

In all areas of the business, we are committed to the following the Zero to Waste Landfill initiative:

- Our printing service buys paper FSC accredited paper through a supplier that partners with the Woodland Trust, a charity that does not just plant trees, it uses financial donations to acquire land that is under threat to protect flora and fauna and also to protect indigenous communities who reside in this land. In the past twelve months, we have offset 3.8 tonnes of carbon and have protected 2.1 square kilometres of land.
- 85% of our waste is recycled;
- We operate a zero to landfill policy for Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment and, in 2021, have saved 11 tonnes of such waste from entering landfill. In addition, 159 devices were reconditioned and donated to local charities.

#### PERFORMANCE REVIEW

Delt experienced a challenging year. The first nine months of the year saw a considerable drop in project income, mostly driven by budget pressures within Plymouth City Council. Project income in the final quarter has not just rebounded but increased ahead of expectations, driven mostly by work from the NHS. This year has seen the start of a post covid recovery in the non-IT areas of the business with the Print and Mail service hitting record sales in March.

Turnover of £19.34m (2020/21: £19.05m) was in line with the budget, reductions in core services to shareholders were offset by increases in contract sales to other customers and by increases in the sale of equipment that is on a pass-through basis.

Profit of £583k (2020/21: £87k) was just below original expectations. This was in part achieved by taking some short-term actions, such as delaying recruitment to some posts, which will not be repeatable in future years.

We continue to invest in the business and this year we commenced the project to replace our primary and secondary data centres with a single hyper resilient data centre, a capital investment of c.£2.1m. Hardware supply issues have caused some delays, but the project will be completed by October 2022.

# Notable highlights this year included:

We are in year 7 of our 10-year fixed price contracts, with wage inflation, IT inflation (running well above wage inflation) and supply chain problems making break-even a challenge to achieve without service quality reductions. However, we are closing out the year with a profit and with record high SLA performance and customer satisfaction measured in the high 90's.

- 1. The Transforming Futures contract was signed in May and saw Delt expand its customer facing offerings into Finance and Estate Management as well as IT and HR. The contract has delivered or exceeded SLAs at the same time as generating £80k of savings (on a 50/50 gain share). Initially a single year contract, the TF Trustees choose to exercise a one-year extension early, securing the services through to the end of April 2023. With the likely addition of another School to the TF family later this year, the contract will see significant growth.
- 2. The ongoing fallout from the Covid pandemic brought associated staffing challenges which required considerable management effort to avoid service impacts. Despite 'the great resignation' and a particularly challenging recruitment market our staff turnover remains on target and has not increased from 20/21 levels
- 3. Shareholder expectations of dividend return remained high and despite the financial challenges presented we were able to authorise a dividend of £1.35m, delivering significant financial benefit back to the public sector.

# STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

# PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

At the heart of our approach to risk management is a governance process with clear responsibilities for identifying, managing, monitoring, and reporting risks. This flows from the Board of Directors to the Operational Leadership Team and is underpinned by an established policy that sets out the approach to managing risk across the company.

A risk register is maintained and reviewed on a regular basis by the Board. The principal risks as at 31st March 2022 were:

<u> </u>	were:	
Risk	Overview/Causes	Mitigating actions
1.	Public finance pressures lead to a shareholder review of Delt's purpose and direction	(a) Clear stakeholder engagement plan with a current marketing and communication strategy
	i. Shareholders looking to reduce expenditure	(b) Strong governance model with a golden thread between shareholders and the Board.
	in the short term ii. Inability to deliver to growth targets and	(c) Board and management actively engaged with senior shareholder stakeholders in health and
	resulting benefits to shareholders  iii. Delt not being seen as the primary vehicle for the transformation of public services	local government  (d) Delt driving improvements in service performance/resilience and customer satisfaction through the Net Promoter Score (NPS) measure
2.	Risk of Cyber Attack  i. Successful Phishing Attack—That a member of Delt staff, or a Delt customer/shareholder, inadvertently releases confidential information or provides system access credentials to a malicious third party as the result of an email phishing (or similar social engineering) attack.  ii. Malware—That malicious software finds its way onto Delt network causing disruption or data loss to the company and/or its customers.	(a) Continue to develop and strengthen our technical countermeasures that identify and block the majority of malicious email. Continue to invest in third party event monitoring to identify any successful breach quickly. Provide robust user education and awareness, specifically through proactive testing (which requires client consent if undertaken on their networks) and remedial training for those who fail.  (b) Maintain a 'patch current' status on software and hardware with 'patch immediate' for security updates. Maintain and actively monitor the security updates.
	iii. Privileged Access Management- Ineffective controls around the use of privileged access (admin) accounts, allowing users, without appropriate authorisation, access to systems or data. This risk includes the compromise of a privileged access account by a malicious third party.	current anti-virus and anti-malware software on all computers.  (c) Proactively monitor and report on the number and scope of privileged accounts. Maintain and communicate robust policies covering the requesting, monitoring, and removal of privileged access accounts.  (d) With a significant move towards hybrid working, implement multi-factor authentication on all devices across our estate.  (e) Continue to develop, strengthen, and test the business continuity and disaster recovery plans.
3.	Fragile International supply chain for IT  i. Semiconductors in poor supply leading to increased competition in the market, resulting in stock shortages and increased lead times.  ii. Key raw materials for IT equipment that originate from Ukraine and Russia are not available resulting in stock shortages and long lead times.	<ul> <li>(a) Partnership with primary wholesaler to give improved access to available stock.</li> <li>(b) Increased stock holding to mitigate lead times where possible</li> <li>(c) Identification of alternative hardware to give greater flexibility</li> </ul>
4.	Inflation  i. With largely fixed price 10-year contracts at zero margin (pricing set 2014) the rate of inflation on wages or goods and services exceeds our ability to deliver cost efficiencies	a) Continue to seek cost efficiencies wherever possible     b) Recognise that cost efficiencies made in one business area may be needed to offset inflationary rises in another     c) All new contracts to be index linked with shareholder agreements to be index linked from Oct 2024     d) The maintenance of a level of reserves that ensures the ability to deliver services at SLA levels through to contract end, recognising that towards the end of a contract it may become loss making

### STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

#### **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

The Board review the company's financial and non-financial performance indicators each month. In addition to the management accounts and risk register, there is regular review and analysis of the company's performance to contractual service level agreements (SLA's). For the IT and non-IT shared services this review includes:

- (a) Service availability (networks/infrastructure)
- (b) Service desk response rates
- (c) Incident analysis including fix rates
- (d) Payroll processing error rates
- (e) Customer satisfaction

#### Financial KPI's

	2021/22	2020/21	2019/20	2018/19	2017/18
Profit & Loss	£'000	£'000	£′000	£'000	£'000
Income	19,344	19,046	19,181	18,093	15,119
Accelerated Income- Future Capital				(700)	
Net Income	19,344	19,046	19,181	17,393	15,119
EBITDA	1,060	1,209	1,550	1,162	1,334
Balance Sheet					
Cash at Bank	4,809	4,502	2,417	4,188	3,534
Debtor Days	46	18	40	75	114
Net Assets	1,130	2,666	2,664	2,018	1,252
Current Ratio	1.13	1.49	1.39	1.33	1.18

#### **Shared Services and Business Development**

The budgetary pressures in the NHS and Local Government will doubtless continue for the foreseeable future. However, Delt is a successful shared service that has delivered results and performance ahead of expectations and continues to drive the transformation of public services, the benefits of which are shared with public sector shareholders. Delt will continue to position itself as the most agile delivery model for quality, cost effective support and advisory services working in the public interest.

Elsewhere, discussions are underway with several third parties (in the public sector) around the provision of new shared services. Devon Partnership Trust have chosen to bring their whole IT service to Delt, both insourced and outsourced elements, the service went live in June 2022. Work remains to be done on transitioning this to a shareholder agreement from a commercial arrangement. With a total contract value of £15m, plus a significant capital investment throughout the contract term this a significant win.

A request from Plymouth City Council to deliver a £1m reduction in annual IT costs is well underway, without impact to other partners. However, Plymouth's budget challenges have increased and there is an expectation of significantly more cost reduction from IT services, Delt will continue to work with PCC to see how the scope of the service can be modified to reduce costs balancing the risk and rewards for any changes for both Delt and other partners.

### Governance

Delt is run on a day-to-day basis by the Management Team comprising the Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officer supported by a Senior Management Team. They are, in turn, overseen by a Board of Directors comprising executive and non-executives. One of the non-executive positions is filled by a full-time member of staff who is appointed by their peers. The Board reports to nominated shareholder representatives.

# STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

#### **Directors Remuneration**

In 2021/22, five Directors have received compensation for holding the office of a director. The total compensation was £216k with the highest paid Director earning £171k.

**People and Gender Diversity** 

Whilst the company is not required to formally report this information, the Board believe it is appropriate as a company acting in the public interest to highlight our performance in this area to all stakeholders.

Number of full time (FT) and part time (PT) male and female employees

FT	FT	%	%	PT	PT	%	%
Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
75	33	69.5%	30.5%	31	52	37%	63%

Mean and Median Gender Pay Gap for all staff as at 31 March 2022

		Mean			Median			
Directorate	Male	Female	GPG	Male	Female	GPG		
IT	£16.11	£15.59	3.2%	£15.77	£14.03	11.0%		
Support Services	£16.09	£14.64	9.1%	£13.93	£12.94	7.1%		
Senior Leadership Team	£46.65	£40.94	12.2%	£40.99	£40.94	0.1%		
	£18.12	£15.45	14.8%	£16.11	£ 13.68	15.1%		

The mean gender pay gap for the whole economy (according to the 2021 Office for National Statistics (ONS) Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE) figures) is 15.4%. At 14.8% (2020-21, 15.1%), the Delt mean gender pay gap is lower than the whole economy.

Mean and Median Gender Pay Gap for full-time staff only as at 31 March 2022

		Mean			Median	0.5
Directorate	Male	Female	ଙ୍କ	Male	Female	ଗ୍ରହ୍ମ
IT	£16.87	£17.96	-6.5%	£16.43	£16.37	0.4%
Support Services	£18.25	£18.93	-3.7%	£16.19	£17.70	-9.3%
Senior Leadership Team	£42.52	£40.94	3.7%	£40.99	£40.94	0.1%
	£18.82	£19.97	-6.1%	£17.13	£17.70	-3.3%

In 2021, the mean gender pay gap for the whole economy among full-time employees was 7.9%, up from 7.0% in 2020. At minus 6.1% (2020-21 plus 6.4%) our mean gender pay gap for full-time employees means that on average, full time women's gross hourly earnings at Delt are higher than those of full-time men. Although the sample size is relatively small the gender pay gap data is statistically less reliable however it reflects that of the 33 women in full time positions, the majority are in more senior positions.

We continue to monitor gender pay gaps and will continue to take steps to promote gender diversity at all levels.

This report was approved by the board on

01/09/2022

and signed on its behalf.

Mark Greaves
Director

# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £583k (2021: £87k).

Dividends of £Nil (2021: £450k) have been paid in the year.

A dividend of £1,357k has been proposed for payment.

### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors who served during the year were:

Lorna Collingwood-Burke Nicholas Franklin Mark Greaves Giles Letheren Paul James (resigned 31 May 2021) Mark Lewis (resigned 8 May 2022) Andrew Millward Kim Brown (resigned 29 July 2022)

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

Full details are included within the Strategic Review.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

# **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS**

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

# **POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS**

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

# **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Bishop Fleming LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Mark Greaves

Director

Date: 01/09/2022

2 Derriford Park

Derriford Business Park

Derriford

Plymouth

Devon

PL6 5QZ

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DELT SHARED SERVICES LIMITED

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the financial statements of Delt Shared Services Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2022, which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of financial position, the Statement of cash flows, the Statement of changes in equity and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

# OTHER INFORMATION

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our Auditors' report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DELT SHARED SERVICES LIMITED (CONTINUED)

# OPINION ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic report or the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### **RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS**

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 6, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DELT SHARED SERVICES LIMITED (CONTINUED)

# AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

# Identifying and assessing potential risks related to irregularities

- We have considered the nature of the sector, control environment and financial performance;
- We have considered the results of enquiries with management and Directors in relation to their own identification and assessment of the risk of irregularities within the entity; and,
- We have reviewed the documentation of key processes and controls and performed walkthroughs of transactions to confirm that the systems are operating in line with documentation.

As a result of these procedures, we have considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and identified the greatest potential for fraud in revenue recognition and assessment of long-term contract revenue recognition.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK) we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

We have also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the Company operates in, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the UK Companies Act, FRS 102 and UK tax legislation.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the Company's ability to operate or avoid a material penalty, including data protection legislation.

# Audit response to risks identified

We identified revenue recognition, in particular, assessment of long-term contract profit recognition, cut-off and accounting estimates as key audit matters related to the potential risk of fraud.

Our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- Reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having direct effect on the financial statements;
- Enquiring of management concerning actual and potential litigation and claims;
- Performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- Reviewing board meeting minutes;
- Performing detailed transactional testing in relation to the recognition of revenue with a particular focus around year end cut-off;
- In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of journal entries, and other adjustments; assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of the business.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DELT SHARED SERVICES LIMITED (CONTINUED)

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risk to all engagement team members and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from an error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' report.

#### **USE OF OUR REPORT**

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Nathan Coughlin FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Bishop Fleming LLP

Bishy Flering LL.

Chartered Accountants

Statutory Auditors Salt Quay House

4 North East Quay

Sutton Harbour

Plymouth PL4 0BN

Date: 13/09/2022

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Note	2022 £000	2021 £000
Turnover	4	19,344	19,046
Cost of sales		(14,514)	(13,628)
GROSS PROFIT	. •	4,830	5,418
Administrative expenses		(4,241)	(5,334)
OPERATING PROFIT	5	589	84
Interest receivable and similar income	9	2	3
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		591	87
Tax on profit	10	(8)	-
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		583	87
	;		

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2022 or 2021 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2021 (2020: £NIL).

# DELT SHARED SERVICES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:09098450

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Note		2022 £000		2021 £000
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	11		-	ė	4
Tangible assets	12		1,631		865
			1,631	-	869
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one	40	T 000		0.547	
year	13	5,360		3,547	
Cash at bank and in hand	14	4,809		4,502	
	_	10,169		8,049	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	(9,039)		(5,383)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,130	-	2,666
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,761		3,535
NET ASSETS			2,761		3,535
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	16		-		-
Capital redemption reserve	17		•		<del>-</del>
Profit and loss account	17		2,761		3,535
			2,761	-	3,535

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

**Mark Greaves** 

Director

Date: 01/09/2022

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# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
At 1 April 2021	£000 -	£000 3,535	3,535
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR Profit for the year	-	583	583
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR Dividends: Equity capital	-	583 (1,357)	583 (1,357)
TOTAL TRANSACTIONS WITH OWNERS	part .	(1,357)	(1,357)
AT 31 MARCH 2022		2,761	2,761

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

At 1 April 2020	Called up share capital £000	Profit and loss account - proposed dividend £000	Profit and loss account £000 3,648	Total equity £000 3,898
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR  Profit for the year	-	-	87	87
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	•		87	87
Dividends: Equity capital	151	-	(200)	(200)
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(250)	•	(250)
TOTAL TRANSACTIONS WITH OWNERS		(250)	(200)	(450)
AT 31 MARCH 2021	-	H	3,535	3,535

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	2022 £000	2021 £000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2000	2000
Profit for the financial year  ADJUSTMENTS FOR:	583	87
Amortisation of intangible assets	5	547
Depreciation of tangible assets	466	578
Interest received	(2)	(3)
Taxation charge	8	-
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(1,813)	1,453
Increase in creditors	2,298 (8)	10
Corporation tax (paid)/received		
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,537	2,672
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(1,232)	(140)
Interest received	2	3
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,230)	(137)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Dividends paid	-	(450)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(450)
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	307	2,085
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	4,502	2,417
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF YEAR	4,809	4,502
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF YEAR COMPRISE:		
Cash at bank and in hand	4,809	4,502
	4,809	4,502

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Delt Shared Services Limited is a private limited company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales (registered number: 09098450). Its registered office is 2 Derriford Park, Derriford Business Park, Derriford, Plymouth, PL6 5QZ.

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£'000).

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 REVENUE

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

# Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

# 2.3 OPERATING LEASES: THE COMPANY AS LESSEE

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

#### 2.4 INTEREST INCOME

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.5 PENSIONS

Retirement benefits to employees are provided by the NHS Pension Scheme, the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) and the People's Pension.

The NHS Pension Scheme is an externally managed defined benefit scheme. However, the scheme is run in such a way the individual NHS bodies are unable to identify their share of the underlying scheme assets and liabilities. The scheme is therefore accounted for as if it were a defined contribution scheme.

The Company has entered into a pass-through agreement with Plymouth City Council in respect of the LGPS, under which any difference between the Company's share of scheme assets and liabilities is accounted for by Plymouth City Council. In return, the Company has agreed to pay a fixed rate of employer contributions based on independently commissioned actuarial guidance. On this basis, the Company accounts for the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme.

The People's Pension is a defined contribution scheme open to new and existing employees.

#### 2.6 TAXATION

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

#### 2.7 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Computer software

1 - 3 years

# 2.8 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# 2.8 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Computer equipment

- 20% - 33% straight line

Assets under construction

- Not depreciated

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

### 2.9 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

# 2.10 DIVIDENDS

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders.

# 3. JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimations and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the year end and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. The nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates.

Revenue and profits in relation to contracts with members of Delt Shared Services Limited is recognised by reference to the level of costs incurred at any point in time. Revenue not matched to costs is deferred to the next period.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

4.	TURNOVER		
	An analysis of turnover by class of business is as follows:		
		2022 £000	2021 £000
	IT services	16,792	17,271
	Print and document services	1,132	1,045
	Payroll services	825	730
	Human resource services	142	-
	Estates services	322	-
	Finance services	131	-
		19,344	19,046
5.	OPERATING PROFIT		
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	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2022 £000	2021 £000
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	466	578
	Amortisation of intangible fixed assets, including goodwill	5	547
	Operating lease rentals	183 =	147
6.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
		2022	2021
		£000	£000
	Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements	14	13
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	FEES PAYABLE TO THE COMPANY'S AUDITOR AND ITS ASSOCIATES IN RESPECT OF:		
	Audit-related assurance services	14	13
	Taxation compliance services	2	2
	All other services	2	-
		18	15

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

7.	EMPLOYEES		
	Staff costs were as follows:		
		2022 £000	2021 £000
	Wages and salaries	6,389	5,827
	Social security costs	613	563
	Cost of defined contribution scheme	652	599
		7,654	6,989
		2022 No. 197	2021 No. 169
8.	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
	The highest paid Director received remuneration of £171k (2021: £160k).		
9.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE		
		2022 £000	2021 £000
	Other interest receivable	2	3

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

TAXATION		
	2022 £000	2021 £000
CORPORATION TAX		
Current tax on profits for the year	8	-
TOTAL CURRENT TAX	8	-
FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR		
The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021: lower than) the standard UK of 19% (2021: 19%). The differences are explained below:	rate of corporati	ion tax in the
	2022 £000	2021 £000
	591	
Profit on ordinary activities before tax		87
Profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021: 19%)	112	17
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in		
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021: 19%)		

# FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

# 11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Computer software £000
COST	
At 1 April 2021	773
At 31 March 2022	773
AMORTISATION	
At 1 April 2021	769
Charge for the year on owned assets	4
At 31 March 2022	773
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2022	-
At 31 March 2021	4

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

12.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Computer equipment £000	Assets under construction £000	Total £000
	COST OR VALUATION			
	At 1 April 2021	2,432	-	2,432
	Additions	328	904	1,232
	Disposals	(31)		(31)
	Transfers between classes	(17)	17	<b>H</b>
	At 31 March 2022	2,712	921	3,633
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 April 2021	1,567	-	1,567
	Charge for the year on owned assets	466	-	466
	Disposals	(31)	-	(31)
	At 31 March 2022	2,002		2,002
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 March 2022	710	921	1,631
	At 31 March 2021	<u>865</u>	-	865
13.	DEBTORS			
			2022 £000	2021 £000
	Trade debtors		2,450	943
	Other debtors		, 5	8
	Prepayments and accrued income		2,905	2,596
			5,360	3,547
14.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
			2022 £000	2021 £000
	Cash at bank and in hand		4,809	4,502

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

15.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2022	2021
		£000	£000
	Trade creditors	681	861
	Dividends payable	1,357	-
	Corporation tax	3	3
	Other taxation and social security	215	183
	Other creditors	86	77
	Accruals and deferred income	6,697	4,259
		9,039	5,383
16.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	ALLOTTED, CALLED UP AND FULLY PAID		
	2 (2021: 2) Ordinary A shares of £1 each	2	2
	100 (2021: 100) Ordinary B shares of £1 each	100 100	100 100
	100 (2021: 100) Ordinary C shares of £1 each 100 (2021: 100) Ordinary D shares of £1 each	100	100
		302	302

Ordinary A shares have full voting rights within the company.

Ordinary B shares have full rights in respect of any dividend declared in respect of profits from certain activities.

Ordinary C shares have full rights in respect of any dividend declared in respect of profits from certain activities.

Ordinary D shares have full rights in respect of any dividend declared in respect of profits from certain activities.

#### 17. RESERVES

# Capital redemption reserve

Includes the nominal value of all shares repurchased by the Company.

# Profit and loss account

Includes current and prior year retained profits and losses.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

#### 18. PENSION COMMITMENTS

Retirement benefits to employees of the Company are provided by the NHS Pension Scheme and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS). These are defined benefit schemes, which are externally managed.

Further retirement benefits are provided by the People's Pension, an externally managed defined contributions scheme. As set out in the Company's accounting policies, all three schemes are accounted for as defined contribution schemes.

The pension charge for the year represents contributions and strain payments payable by the Company to the schemes and amounted to £652k (2021: £599k). Contributions totalling £86k (2021: £79k) were payable to the schemes at the reporting date.

#### 19. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 March 2022 the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Not later than 1 year	125	183
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	81	154
Later than 5 years	1	
	207	337

### 20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Company made sales of £11,147k (2021: £11,063k) to Plymouth City Council (shareholder) and purchases of £271k (2021: £235k) from Plymouth City Council. At the year end the Company was owed £387k (2021: £103k) from Plymouth City Council, and owed £Nil (2021: £28) to Plymouth City Council. During the year, Plymouth City Council received dividend income of £950k (2021: £315k) from the Company.

During the year, the Company made sales of £6,445k (2021: £6,685k) to NHS Devon Clinical Commissioning Group (shareholder). At the year end the Company was owed £959k (2021: £850k) by NHS Devon Clinical Commissioning Group. During the year, NHS Devon Clinical Commissioning Group received dividend income of £407k (2021: £135k) from the Company.

During the year, the Company made aggregate sales of £97k (2021: £72k) to subsidiaries of Plymouth City Council. At the year end the Company was owed £Nil (2021: £2k) from these organisations.

The Directors of the Company were paid total remuneration of £216k (2021: £292k).

### 21. CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company is jointly controlled by Plymouth City Council and NHS Devon Clinical Commissioning Group.